8. That the Rector of the University ought to be made a salaried officer, with the duty of superintending the twelve colleges provided for; to state their accounts with the Literary Fund, and to report upon the course and standards of instruction and on books, and upon the examination of the pupils in the colleges, and to receive from them their accounts o superintendence of the high, primary and free schools.

9. That the Presidents of colleges ought to be made to perform the same duty of superintendence over the high schools, assigning about thirty of these to each college, and to return the statements of their accounts to the Rector of the University; and in like manner about four infant primary and free schools ought to be assigned to each high school, and the teachers thereof be required to perform the same duty of superintendence over the infant schools, and

to return their reports to the colleges.

10. That the Rector, as Superintendent, ought to be required to report to the Board of the Literary Fund annually, and to the Legislature biennially, upon the whole system of public instruction; and to that end he ought to be provided with an ample salary, say \$4,000 per annum, so that the whole expense of the system would be about \$225,000, leaving still a balance for contingencies and investment, of \$17,287.

11. That in the two new colleges to be established, the law should have special regard to the interest of agriculture, and to the sciences applied to that inter-

12. That the feature of charity to paupers in a system of public instruction, ought to be abolished, a odious to the people and degrading to the pupils.

It was also resolved that Gov. Wise be requested to lay the views of the Convention before the Legislature, and that Dr. W. A. Smith be requested to appear before the Legislature in behalf of the cause of education in the State.

A resolution was also adopted providing for the formation of a permanent Association, to be styled "the Virginia Educational Society." On the evening of the 26th, Prof. Fishburn de-

livered an Address on the subject of education, and especially on the system of schools existing in Ger-Provision was made for publishing the proceed

ings of the Convention, an Executive Committee was appointed, and on the 27th the Convention ad journed.

We record with much pleasure these evidences on the part of our sister State of renewed and more general interest in the cause of education. And we are especially gratified, as a friend of public common school instruction, with the 19th resolution of Gov. Wise, which declares that " the feature of charity to paupers" in the existing system of public instruction in Virginia, "ought to be obolished, as odious to the people and degrading to the pupils." This is a noble beginning, so far as the great principle of public instruction is concerned, for a provision in free governments for educating the children of the people is no charity, but a sacred right of which those children should never be deprived; but we fear that the funds set apart by our Virginia friends for this purpose will prove insufficient. Gov. Wise assumes that there are in Virginia 300,000 children over 7 and under 21. The whole income of the literary fund of the State is about \$250,000. Of this amount the Convention proposes to devote to Medical Colleges \$40,500, to the State Institute \$4.500, and to the University \$25,000-leaving for primary and free schools only \$151,200. North-Carolina, on the other hand, has about 215,000 children between 5 and 21. Some 30,000 or 40,000 of these do not go to school at all, about 14,000 are in the colleges and academies, and 140,000 in the common schools. The number in Virginia, we presume, who do not attend school, is much larger than in North-Carolina. We of this State extend no aid from our literary fund to colleges and academies, except in the way of occasional loans, well secured; and we distribute from the literary fund and raise by taxation, about \$270,000 per annum for commo schools. This amount keeps our common schools in operation about four months in the year; and it is, therefore, clear that the amount proposed to be distributed by Virginia to her 300,000 children will not furnish them with schools for a longer time than

The people of Virginia will find, if they have not already done so, that their progress and prosperity depend almost entirely on the education of the masses. Their colleges and academies will flourish and increase just in proportion as common schools increase and prosper; and systems of internal improvements by land and water, will go forward, developing the State's resources, just in proportion as education of all kinds is fostered and promoted by the State. We take a deep interest in education every where, and especially in the South; and we rejoice to see such men as Gov. Wise and Dr. W. A. Smith leading in this great movement. They have "put their hands to the plough," and they will not "look back." Most heartily do we wish them success. The people of this State have had the same difficulties which our Virginia friends are now encountering and beginning to overcome in the work of public instruction; but they were patient and hopeful, and they labored, and planned, and struggled, and systematised, until they placed themselves where they now stand, in the lead in this respect of all the slaveholding States. We say this in no spirit of vanity or boasting, but as a simple fact, which the statistics will sustain: and we point to it as an example which may well encourage and stimulate the people of other States in their efforts to improve their systems of common schools.

two months in the year.

Duncan K. McRae, Esq.

This gentleman, late Consul of the United States at Paris, France, having resigned, has returned to this place, with a view, we learn, of taking up his permanent abode among us. Mr. McRae's health, we are gratified to state, has greatly improved. We learn that it is his intention to engage at once in the practice of his profession, in which, especially as an advocate, he has few equals and no superior among men of his own age. We bid him welcome to his native State, and trust that he has before him many years of happiness and prosperity.

WILMINGTON JOURNAL.—This interesting and valuable journal appears in a new dress, to which we believe the Editors have made no allusion, preferring to leave it to their readers to observe and judge for themselves. The Daily Journal is one of the handsomest and best papers in the country. The people of Wilmington have no cause to complain of their newspaper press. Their journals, both in appearance and tone, are creditable to that community. which is certainly among the most intelligent and enterprising in the State.

"ALL HAIL" KENTUCKY.-The majority of Col. urer in Kentucky, will range between 12,000 and 15,000. Two years ago the Know-Nothings carried the State by 5,000 majority. Kentucky is somewhat Democratic. Ditto, North-Carolina. The Washington Union puts down North-Carolina, with her 27,000 majority, as the banner State of the Union. | Steam Ferry project of A. Dudley Mann.

BREAKING OF THE ATLANTIC TRIBGRAPH CARLE -The civilized world will hear with profound regret of the breaking of the submarine cable, designed to connect Europe and America by telegraph, and thus add so much to the intercourse and to the founda tions for peace and good will between the two hemspheres. Over three hundred miles of the cable had been laid from the English shore, when it snapped, the end going down into water from one to two miles in depth. It seems that while the Niagara was proceeding steadily and safely, paying out the cable at the rate of about four miles an bour. one of the Engineers thought it was going out too fast, and in order to check it applied the brakes to the drums over which it was passing. The effect was to cause a sudden jerk upon the cable, which broke it. How severe the strain upon it must have been may be inferred from the fact, stated in the (fil ial Report of the Directors, that every part of the rope had been subjected to a direct strain of more than four tons without breaking. The liability to precisely this kind of accident, however, should have been inferred from the fact that a similar one occurred at the very outset of the expedition, before the vessels had left Valentia Bay. The whole disaster, thus far, seems due to the ill judged effort of the Engineer to check the rate at which the cable was being paid out, without first checking the motion of the ship. In the attempt, made a few years since, to lay a telegraphic cable across the Mediterranean. Mr. Brett, the Engineer, states that the cable, much stronger one than this, broke upon a sudden plunge of the vessel, apparently by friction upon

the rocks at the bottom, half a mile from the ship. The Directors of the Company, it is stated, are still hopeful of success, but whether another attempt will be now made or postponed until next year, has not been determined.

REJOICING IN THE FIRST DISTRICT.—We learn from the last Democratic Pioneer that the Democracy o Bertie intended to give a public dinner at Windson on Thursday last, in honor of the great victory achieved by the Democracy of the District in the election of Dr. Shaw to Congress. "The sterling Democracy of that County," as the Pioneer truly observes, "have a good right to rejoice, for it was against them that the heaviest and biggest guns of the opposition were brought to bear-but they no bly stood their ground, and, so far from giving way, they actually took a few prisoners captive-having made a small gain since the election of Col. Paine two years ago! We understand that, in response to an invitation, Dr. Shaw has signified his intention to be present on the occasion. Mr. Martin, of this town, has also signified his acceptance of a similar invitation. We have no doubt it will be a successful affair, as it ought to be, for the Democracy of Bertie county deserve the applause of the party throughout the District."

We learn from the Nagshead correspondent o the Pioneer that Dr. Shaw has been sojourning at that pleasant place for the last week, and though just out of a fatiguing and arduous campaign, he looks well and hearty. Says the Pioneer, "he bears his victory well, manifesting neither pride or exultation. His many social qualities, to say nothing of other matters, make him many friends even among the bitter of the opposition, who have met him."

DISCOVERY OF COPPER IN HAYWOOD COUNTY .- We were shown on Tuesday last, says the Asheville News, some very rich and beautiful specimens of Copper, just discovered about 19 miles west of this place, on Homony Creek, in Haywood County. These discoveries have been thoroughly tested, and vield from twelve and a half to sixty-five per cent. of pure Copper. The vein is said to be the largest ever discovered in this country-being 4 feet wide and of unknown depth. The fortunate discoverers are Mesers. H. Bonham and M. Chapman, the former of Smyth, and the latter of Giles county, Va. They have been working in the neighborhood two years, and success at length crowns their efforts.

FREE NEGROES PURCHASED BY A SLAVE,-A few days ago several free negroes were put up at auction in Norfolk County, and sold to labor for a term sufficient to liquidate their taxes. Singular to relate, four of them were purchased by a slave in Portsmouth, who felt quite proud of the distinction, and made known his determination to get the full value of his money out of them, or know the reason why. Let the negro worshippers at the North make a note Norfolk Herald.

On the contrary, there are many free negroes and Indians in the South who own slaves. And in Liberia even, we saw it stated a year or two since, that the free negro inhabitants had been compelled. in self-defence, to make servants or slaves of many of the barbarians of their own blood and color, whom they had taken in battle.

COTTON IN TEXAS.—The Galveston News of late date remarks in reference to the coming business in

It appears that the severity of the drouth has been chiefly felt in those portions of the State where cotton has not yet become the chief staple, while the cotton producing counties have generally been favor-ed with sufficient rains. Hence the impression prevails among our best informed planters and merchants that a heavier business in cotton will be done in our market this fall than ever before. This crop is, however, subject to so many casualties even after it ap-pears to be nearly made, that no safe calculation can be made until the picking is well nigh over.

The Galveston Civilian says the first bale of new cotton was received from the plantation of Pat Perry, Fort Bend county, by R. & D. G. Mills, and was sold to Mr. Lawrence Frosh, at 17c. per pound. The staple, the Civillian remaks, is long and silky, and

The Houston Telegraph undersands that on the plantation of Capt. Kennedy, in Brazoria county, cotton picking has been going on for two weeks, and that he has considerable picked out.

THE CORN CROP. - The Milton Chronicle calls on the farmers of Caswell to build more cribs, as the Editor is confident that there are not cribs enough to hold all the corn that will be made. The corn crop in Caswell is said to give promise of a larger yield than has been realized in sixty years. The same is no doubt true of the State generally. We are glad of it. Every bushet will be needed.

THE ATLANTIC AND NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD. The Newbern Express of the 25th inst, says, that for the last few weeks several trains, tolerably well laden with naval stores lumber, produce, &c., have been arriving at that place.

We may have a word or two to say in our next n reply to the late article of our neighbor of the Register, headed "The Raleigh Standard and the Hon. Edward Stanly." We would do so to-day but for the want of space.

Thomas Settle, Jr. Esq., has be County Attorney for Rockingham county, in place of Hon. Alfred M. Scales, Jr., resigned.

President Buchanan voluntarily headed the list of Washington subscribers to the Chesapeake

RELIGIOUS BRIVILIONS OF SLAVES -- For the satisfaction of our Geneva friends, and others at a distance, says the Charleston Courier, who having no poor or needy objects at home, are directing their superfluous sympathies towards us of the South, we shall take a glance occasionally at the labors in progress for the promotion of the religious privileges and instruction of the servants of our section.

In reference to one such -" Mission," near this city (Charleston,) the Rev. A. R. Danner writes to the Southern Christian Advocate:

"We have peace and prosperity throughout this mission, this year particularly. We have had very interesting meetings at all of the appointments, now reduced to three, and hope to have but two, by building a church in a proper place, thus collecting finally all our little congregations, that used to be five, into two large congregations, where we can have time and strength to attend to all business in a profitable and proper manner. We number about 400 members colored, and 20 whites, and catechise about 60 children."

The author of "Letters from the South," to the Boston Courier, writes under date of July, 1857, from Richmond, Va. :

" Is not our Northern charity at fault in its judgment of our Southern colored and white brethren There is in this city, Richmond, a church composed exclusively of colored members, which number at least 2500 communicants. The Rev. Dr. Ryland, President of the Baptist College, has the oversight of this church, though not statedly preaching to it. Go into their spacious house of worship on the Sabbath, and you will find it filled to the utmost with a congregation as respectably clad, as reverend, devout and decorous in their worship, as you will find any Northern congregation, save in their singing, and in responding to what interests their simple minds and warm hearts. As to their ability to read, I learned this face; that Dr. Ryland found in singing from memory, that, not knowing the words of their hymns correctly, they did not articulate them right. To correct this, he had an addition of 1500 copies of their most favorite hymns published for their especial use, but found he had not enough to supply a copy to each one who could read.

It is well known that it is common for servants in families in the South, especially long resident in cities, to be readers, and that, on many plantations, the wives of the masters and their daughters devote a portion of the Sabbath to teaching their servants to read the scriptures. The law does not allow colored children to be worked on the farm till 12 years of age, nor adults on Saturday afternoon nor on the Sabbath. Some masters employ teachers for these children in these years. No law of any slave State forbids masters to teach their slaves, nor to have them taught by teachers the masters approve. The law gives them the power to decide who may teach their servants, just as Northern laws give power to the Northern parent to decide who may tescs his own children."

We clip the following gratifying item from last New York Times. Putnam's abolition Monthly is evidently on its last legs, and good citizens in all portions of the country will rejoice when it ceases

"SALE OF PUTNAN'S MONTHLY .- We understand that Putnam's Magazine was yesterday sold to the proprietors of Emerson's United States Magazine, and that it will hereafter be incorporated with that publication under the name of Emerson's Putnam. or something of that sort. The price paid for it was \$6,000, which may be considered remarkably cheap, as Putnam had nearly doubled its circulation since the last owners took it in hand. Sic transit. Putnam's Monthly has had a very remarkable career, considering the brevity of its existence. It has made several reputations, besides breaking several publishers, and now merges itself in the covers of another periodical younger than itself. Lluckwood has been published more than fifty years, and has never changed hands, but Putnam, which is but five years old, has been owned and published suc-cessively by Putnam & Co., Dix & Edwards, Dix, Edwards & Co., Miller & Co., Miller & Curtis, and now becomes the property of Emerson & Co."

The Magistrates of Robeson county have voted to submit to the people of that county the question of a county subscription of \$100,000 to the capital stock of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company. The vote is to be taken on Thursday, September 24th, 1857.

DEATH OF RUFUS W. GRISWOLD,-Rufus W. Griswold died in New York on Thursday last, after a lingering illness, in the 42d year of his age. Mr. G. was a gentleman of superior literary attainments. and had written and edited a number of interesting

"HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE."-The Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company have lately put a new engine on their road, which is complimented with the name of "Gov. Bragg." It is a handsome locomotive, and from its appearance and its performances is perhaps worthy of the compliment bestowed

A CLEAN SWEEP. - Not a single regiment of the native Bengal Army remained faithful to Great Brittain. Every one has either mutinied or been dis-

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.-Beverly Tucker, of Virginia, consul at Liverpool, in place of Nathaniel Hawthorne, resigned.

Henry W. Spencer, of New York, consul at Paris, in place of Duncan K. McRac, resigned. John Endlich, of Pennsylvania, consul at Basle, in place of Dan'l S Lee, deceased.

Charles J. Fox, of Michigan, consul at Aspinwall, in place of Francis A. Thornton, resigned. Ernest Volger, of Virginia, consul at Barcelonia in place of Pablo Auguera, the present incumbent.

Indian Affairs for Utah.

Jacob Forney, of Pennsylvania, superintendent of

WROUGHT IRON CARE.—The Hudson River Railroad Company have ordered four of those to be made and used on their road by way of trial. The frame work is to be a very strong yet elastic basket, each joint being protected by rivets, and the whole further protected by making the entire platform at each end one strong spring of steel. Cars thus made will be lighter, it is said, than wooden ones, yet so safe that a fatal accident with them is a thing hardly possible, as they will spring, bend, or twist, but remain whole as a shield to their occupants, no power being able to break them into fragments or

Newburgh News August 15.

HERMIT CRAB.-One of these singular specimens of the crustacea, which is peculiar to Mexico, was picked up in a tomato field near Camden, on Monday afternoon. One of the characteristics of the Hermit Crab is, that it will encase itself into any convenient covering, and in this instance it has adopted for a home and protection an Achatina shell, which is nowhere found along the coast above the Mexican waters. The presumption is, that the lit-tle animal was lifted from its native element and carried by the hurricane of Monday last, a distance of a thousand miles, and deposited where it was found.

Daily Pennsylvanian. GRAND TOURNAMENT AT SHOCCO SPRINGS .- WE understand there will be a Grand Tournament at Shocco on the 15th of September, to be followed by a Ball and Party on the evenings of the 17th and 18th. Preparations are in progress for making this quite a brilliant affair. Indeed when Messra. Seasoms and Tyler undertake anything failure is out of the question. The Press will muster strong, for there will be a glorious harvest of items. We will publish further particulars as soon as possible, as all will be anxious to witness this revival of the glorious days of chivalry.

WARREN COUNTY COURT.—On Tuesday the Court, on motion of the Hon. W. N. Edwards, gave permission to the Rev. Dr. Hawks to have access to the ancient records of Warren county, and to take copies of such of them as may be useful for his forthcoming History of North-Carolina.

Gov. Caswell. - Gov. Carrell died in the season 1789, in Fayetteville, while in attacked to a season ber of the Senate of our legislature, of which body he was Speaker. He was attacked by a paralytic stroke from the effects of which he died in a few days, after having spent a life of bonor to himself and usefulness to his country equalled by very few men. His name shines brightly upon the revolutionory history of this State—in fact the whole Union.

Repeatedly entrusted with civil and military power, in the councils of the State and Nation, as well as in command on the battle field, no man of his age was more entitled to the name and character which John Adams, at that day, well knowing him, gave him, viz: "the lion of the South." There is one humiliating fact, wherein is directly implicated the surviving generation. No stone, no bitlet of wood even, marks the resting place of Richard Caswell, the hero of the battle of Moore's Creek, and the first Governor of our State under our re-

publican form of government !!

He was buried about 21 miles west of this place, on the plantation now owned by Lewis C. Desmond, Esq. Very few can with any degree of certainty, point out the spot where he was interred. And we speak it with due humiliation, it is a crime amounting to a shame, that the memory of one occupying the position of Gov. Caswell in this State, cannot elicit sufficient appreciation of merit, of State pride, to erect a monument to his memory. It has been frequently suggested in private circles to get up subscriptions for this purpose. But no one has yet taken hold of it. Would some one step forward and do so, we yet believe, notwithstanding the neglect heretofore, sufficient success would be made to erect a monument one hundred feet high. It should be done by private enterprise if possible. But if that will not do it the State should unhesitatingly do it at her own cost, as in his day he did so much for her. The grave yard is within a quarter of a mile, and in full view of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad. Let but tardy justice be done, and the monument be shortly erected, and the traveller, as he passes, may point to it and say, "some apprecia-tion of the eminent services of Richard Caswell has

We would suggest to the press of the State the propriety of calling attention to this subject in every county. A subscription of a few hundred dollars in each county would erect a splendid monument, and one manifesting a disposition of gratitude to the distinguished dead for Revolutionary services. Kinston Advocate

been shown by North Carolinians, by yonder mon-

Arrival of the Atlantic-Four days Later. New YORK, Aug. 80.—The steamship Atlantic, with Liverpool dates to Wednesday, the 19th, arrived to-day.

The Telegraph Squadron had returned to Plymouth. The Directors were to meet in London on the 10th, to determine in regard to further action. The fete of Napoleon passed off well, but was somewhat marred by bad weather.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 19.—Sales of cotton for three days, 28,000 bales. The Asia's advices caused an advance of one eighth on Fair Middling, and closed buoyant. Weather favorable to crops.

Breadstuffs closed with an advancing tendency, except corn, which was very dull. Flour active and advanced 6d. Canal 31a31 ; Baltimore and Philadelphia 30a311; Ohio 321a33. Wheat firm. Holders demand an advance. Red 8s. 4d. a 8s. 9d.; white 9s. 4d.a10s. Mixed and yellow corn 86a87; white 45a451. Provisions quiet. Bacon dull, being re-shipped. Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine 85. Sugar firm. Rice active.

Money easy. Consols 91\(\frac{1}{4}\)91\(\frac{1}{4}\).

I.ONDON, Wednesday Morning.—Funds closed steady at the late advance. Discount market active. Shipments of silver to the East in to-day's steamer,

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, August 28 -E. O. Perrin, private secretary of Governor Walker, who left the camp of the latter at Lawrence ten days ago, reports all peace and quiet there, nor was there the least intimation

Gov. Walker was using the army as a "posse comitatus" when the civil authorities could not make arrests for breaches of the peace. The 1,500 troops in Kansas will remain there till

after the October election. A letter from Frankfort to the State Department says that the Sound dues having been abolished by

the exertions of all the governments interested, the United States having taken the lead, the attention of the comercial public in Germany is now attracted to the removal of the restrictions on the navigation of the German streams especially the Rhine and Elbe. The Postmaster General has just established a daily

mail between Kansas city and Lecompton, and a triweekly mail from Lecompton, to Marysville. Other similar improvements are to be made.

The Financial Panic in New York. New York, Aug. 27 .- Financial affairs are more

tranquil here to-day. It is rumored that Messrs, Chambers & Heiser, largely engaged in the California and India trade, have Several minor stock failures are announced to-day.

including Fisher, Dening & Co., F. P. James & Co., and A. Rodewald, but the general impression is that the crisis is over, and that all will soon be right

Jacob Little has arranged his difficulties and resumed his seat at the stock board.

The Commercial Advertiser, of this afternoon, says there is altogether a better feeling in the street, and that the panic is beginning to subside. There is less pressure of stocks upon the market, and more sup port from outside operators. Brokers refuse the notes of the Sackett's Harbor Bank and the Farmers' Bank of Saratoga.

UTICA., Aug. 27 .- The sheriff of this county to-day attached the Ontario Bank on a judgement in favor of R. A. Johnson of New York.

The Financial Crisis.

NEW YORK, August 29.-Messrs. Atwood & Co. bankers, with large western connections, to-day. Mr. Ludlow, cashier of the Ohio Trust Company has been arrested on suits of the Merchant's Bank of Wheeling, and Farmers' Bank of Virginia.

From Washington City.

WASHINGTON. Aug. 29.—The Attorney General has decided that the title to the site of the contemplated Marine Hospital at wilmington, N. Carolina is

Commodore Cassin died at Georgetown ac-day.-He was one of the retired officers of the Navy.

Missouri Election. The result in Missouri is at last definitely decided Col. Stewart, the Democratic candidate for Governor. has a majority of two or three hundred.

Our town continues to be the centre of attraction to health and pleasure seekers. There was quite a bustle at the Hotels during all of last week, and at one time there were about five hundred visitors among us. The merry laugh, and the sound of footsteps beating time to the music of the dance, each night, give evidence that the younger portion enjoy

There appears to be a good deal of sickness throughout the entire State, owing to the incessant rains which have fallen for the past three or four weeks; hence, the large number now visiting this place.-Our physicians say it is distressingly healthy here.

Beaufort Journal.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.—This laborious officer of the general government has, for some time past, been performing the onerous duties of his office under the oppressive discomforts of impaired health. We are pleased to learn that he has taken a more healthful residence, for a few weeks, on the heights of Georgetown, where we sincerely hope that the health of himself and family will be speedily renovated.

Wash. Union.

Bishop Otey, of Tennessee, is not opposed to the cultivation of innocent amusement. His pleasant disposition is illustriated by the following remark of his: "Thirty years ago I came to Tennessee with my wife, my fiddle, and a horse and sulky. My my wife, my fiddle, and a horse and sulky, horse and sulky are long since gone, but my a and fiddle remain as good as new!"

Drake to Miss Charity Davison, daughter of Avent, Esq.,—all of Nash county.

On Wednesday evening, August 20th, 1857, by Prof. W. T. Brooks, of Wake Forest College, Mr. Wm. B. Foster o Franklin County, R. C., to Miss Puttle A., eldast daughter of Solon Southerland, Esq., of Warren county, R. C.

WIND THE MEDICED.

In this City, on Monday night last, Mr John Buffalo.
In Raleigh, Thursday, 20th August, after a lingering ness of seven weeks, Robert James, infant son of James and Susan V. Alford, aged 10 months and 29 days.

THE MARKETS.

PETKESBURG MARKET.

PETERSBURG MARKET.

Payramaura, August 28, 1857.

WHEAT—The market opened to-day very dull and depressed, and the late advices from Europe were looked upon as most unfavorable. Buyers evinced but little disposition to purchase even at yesterday's prices. On Change the offerings were pretty large, and only a portion was sold at prices ranging at \$1 25@1 30 for good to prime Red, and \$1 40@1 45 for do. White. The latter for choice. There was less wheat of inferior grades offering, to-day, and we continue our last quotations for that description.

TORACCO—From Monday until yesterday the market was very dull, and prices were some lower than they were last reek. To-day the market was more active, and we thought prices were fully 50 to 75 cents better than they were yesterday. We quote Lugs \$8@11; Common Leaf \$11@12; Middling Leaf \$123/@13/4, and Fair to Very Good \$134/@15/4. No Fancy Manufacturing offering.

COTTON—There is but little doing, owing to the very limited amount now in market. We quote poor to good Cotton at 14@15/4. Prime would, we think, bring 15/4: GUANO—We quote at \$623/@63, with a fair demand. Stock in market light.

BACON—For this article the demand continues good, and owing to the late advance in the Western markets proces are high.

and owing to the late advance in the Western markets proces are higher. We quote Sides at 16c., and Shoulders 14c. The supply in market is small LABD—Virginia is scarce. We quote it in kegs at 18@

BAGGING—Has been in better request, with some advance. We now quote at 15a16, as in quality.

LEATHER—Continues firm, with a better demand.

COFFEE—The market is quiet, without any change in

rices the past week.

CORN—There has been more doing, with sales at 95c. to HAY—Is dul' at \$1 15@1 25.
SALT—\$1 65 from store and \$1 55 in large lots from

ressels.
SUGAR—There has been a slight advance in this article, with an increased demand.

MOLASSES—Is very dull with a poor demand. We unte N. O at 80@85, and Portland Syrup at 48@50.

MACKERAL—Is lower, with but little enquiry.

RICE—54@614.

Express.

RICHMOND MARKET.

Argust 28, 1857.

FLOUR—The receipts have increased a little, though stocks are light. The depressed condition of the Northern markets has had influence here, and our quotations show a decline. We quote limited sales to shippers at \$7 for superfine. Sales to bakers and retailers at \$7 25@7 50 for superfine. Market dull

perfine. Sales to bakers and retailers at \$7 25@7 50 for superfine. Market dull.

WHEAT—The market is again depressed, with a decline of 5 cts., except on what are styled "extra prime" lots; and these are few and very far between. We now quote good to prime Red \$1 3'@1 35; good to prime White \$1 40@1 45. The "extra prime" above referred to 5 cents more. The arrivals are pretty free—a great deal, however, in a damp state.

CORN—The stock of Corn having run very low an advance has taken place, and we now quote \$1@1 05 \$\mathbf{P}\$ bushel and firm.

and firm.
OATS—We still quote 321/4@85 cts. \$\mathbb{P}\ \text{bushel.}

HAY—Sales from store \$1@1 12 \$2 cwt.

BACON—The stock is still exceedingly light and prices
irm. We quote shoulders 14 and sides 16 cts. Hams 14 nal; very few in first hands. COFFEE—We quote Rio 12@124 cts; Laguayra 13%@13% cts; Java 17% cts.; Mucha 18 cts.
TOBACCO—The receipts of Tubacco continue light.— TOBACCO—The receipts of Tobacco continue light.—Breaks small, with more animation in the market, and prices higher. We quote inferior large at \$9 50@11; good \$11 50@12; fine Manufacturing \$13@14; Shipping \$12@12 50; inferior Leaf \$13@11; line Shipping \$15 50@17 5; good Manufacturing \$15@11; line Shipping \$15.00 10.00 Porto Rico 19@1254c. Refined Sugars: Loaf 14%@14%c; Crushed and Powdered 14@14%c; A. Coffee 13%c; B Cof-

fee 121/c; C. Coffee 121/c.
WHISKEY—We quote 28@29 cts P gallon for Richmond

WILMINGTON MARKET. WILMINGTON, August 29, 1857.
TURPENTINE.—No change in prices. Further sales yesterday of 1,175 bbls. at \$3.05 for yellow dip, and \$4 for virgin, per 280 lbs. This morning 300 bbls. went at same forure. figures.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—No sales. The lot of 26 bbls. reported yesterday at 43% cents was incorrect; it should have been 48 cents.

ROSIN.—In common we notice sales this morning of 1,000 bbls. at \$1.30 for small bbls., and 2,000 do. at \$1.45 310 lbs.
TAR.—800 bbls., in shipping order, sold this morning at

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

COTTON 1334@15—FLOUR \$6 50@7, according to quality—CORN \$1 25 \$2 bushel—SPIRITS TURP. 40 cents—LARD. 18 cents—SALT 1 25—OATS 50 cts \$2 bushel—FLAXSEED \$1 30 \$2 bushel.

DLEASANT RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—I

offer, at private sale, the CLEMONS RESIDENCE
and farm, situated in the village of Friendship, in the county of Guilford, containing about 175 acres of land—productive and remarkably level—in a healthy section of country, well improved, with a good dwelling house and kitchen, newly arranged and painted white; with barn, stables,
corn-cribs, smoke-house, well-house, carriage house, and
other buildings for convenience—all newly fixed up. One
well of water near the dwelling, and one well adjoining the
barn yard—a good orchard of fruit trees. This location is
ten miles west of Greensborough, on the main public stage
road by the way of Greensboro' to Salem and far west, and 7
miles distant from the North-Carolina Railroad, in a vich
and thickly settled country, with good outlets to the farm,
and cross roads at this place leading east and west, and
north and south. The reason for offering t hese lands for
sale is the improvements on the land are good and fine,
and the owner has no use for them; having quite a comfortable residence beside them, having acquired the
land recently, at the death of his sister. The terms of sale
can be made to suit a purchaser, and possesion given at
any time.—Any one wishing to purchase one of the handsomest small farms in Western North Carolina would do
well to call on the subscriber, who resides in Friendship,
Guilford county, N. C., and he will take pleasure in show. well to call on the subscriber, who resides in Friendship. Guilford county, N. C., and he will take pleasure in show ing the premises.

Also, I offer for sale a 12 acre lot in said village, on which

there is a good store house building, lumber rown, &c., located on the south-west corner, divided by the main cross roads running through said village.

ALEXANDER H. LINDSAY. September 1, 1857.

EXCHANGE HOTEL. WELDON, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the public generally and the travelling community in particular, that he has opened the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate ladies and gentlemen with the best the country affords. The Exchange Hotel is situated on the left as you come in on the Raleigh and Gaston Road, on a beautiful hill and away from the smoke and dust. The Proprietor pledges himself to give satisfaction to all who may call on him. Remember there are two hotels in Weldon, though it may be attempted to impress upon you the belief that there is but one. Competion is the life of trade, and I do not think a man should pay \$1,000 rent for a house just to close it up and keep out competition. A fair and I do not think a man should pay \$1,000 rent for a house just to close it up and keep out competition. A fair field and open fight no honorable man can object to.

Call at the Exchange Hotel, and if you are not satisfied with it, then try some other.

B. B. SEARS, Proprietor.

September 1, 1857.

X BAZIN & CO.'S PRANGIPANNI—AN ETERNAL PERFUME. The only Genuine Article Manufactured. BAZIN & Co.'s FRANGIPANNI EXTRACT,
For the Handkerchief

X. BAZIN & Co.'s FRANGIPANNI SACHET. For the Bureau.

X: BAZIN & Co.'s FRANGIPANNI SOAP, X. BAZIN & Co's FRANGIPANNI POMADE.

For Improving the Growth of the Hair.

X. BAZIN & Co's FRANGIPANNI TOILET WATER. The most refreshing article ever manufactured X. BAZIN & Co.'s FRARGIPANNI CREAM,

For Beautifying the Complexion.

The popularity of these articles has led several establishments to claim for their counterfeits, all those exquisite qualities which belong only to the genuina.

Sold by all Bruggists and Fancy Dealers.

X. BAZIN & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Price Modal Perfamery, Phic.

September 1, 1857.

HENRY V. NIEMEYER PORTSWOUTH, VA., COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND DEALER IN

LUMBER, PROVISIONS, LIME, COAL, SALT, AND NAVAL STORES, Will sell, store or ship Tobasco, Cetton; Flour, Grain, Na-val Stores, Lumber, and General Merchandise, on the best

WANTED, A SITUATION AS TEACHER OF A Classical School, by a young man who has hed some

ALBEMARLE MILITARY INSTITUTE JNO. R. STRANGE A. M. Modern L. M. BLACKFORD, (University of Vaginia)
H. S. REGNOLDS, (Hander Schoop)
JAMES EER, (Virginia Military Institute)
HE THIRD SESSION WILL BEGIN THE SEP
TREEER and close 5th July.
ASCENS TARGET -Ancient and Modern Languages
because targets - Ancient and the various English
constict, Natural Sciences, and the various English
close, both high sept. 167.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPABINESSHIP HERB-TOFORE existing under the name of Mitchell & Whitaker was dissolved by mutual consent on the lat of July 1857.

The undersigned wiff be glad to see his friends and con-tomers on the curner known as the Kane House, where he has an assortment of confectionary, &c.

T. A. MITUHELE.

Register copy twice.

TATE OF NORTH-CARCLINA, VAKE
COUNTY. In Equity. Fabius J. Haywood vs Elizabeth S. Ryais and ala.

Whereas, a bill has been heretofore filed in our Court of Equity for Wake county, by Fabius J. Haywood against Elizabeth S. Ryais, Joseph J. Ryais, George Lang, John Bessant, Duncan L. Clinch, Susan V. Clinch, and Duncan L. Clinch, Jr., Florida S. Hopkins, Mary R. Hopkins, William T. Hopkins, and Frances J. Hopkins, and R. P. Finch, for the purpose of subjecting the separate estate of said Elizabeth S. Ryais to the debt of said Haywood; and whereas, the companion thas made out that all of the defendants in anmed above are non-residents of Borth-Carolina, except the defendant, Richard P. Finch:

This, therefore, is to notify and command each and all of said non-residents and defendants, hereinhelow named, to be and appear at our Superior Court of Equity, to be held at the Court House in the City of Raleigh, on the 1st Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said complainant's said bill of complaint, or the same will be taken pro confessed as to them, or such of them as fail to appear and answer, and will be set for hearing coparts.

Given under my hand at office, this 18th day of August, A. D., 1857.

ED. GBAHAM HAYWOOD, C & M.

WOOD FOR THE CAPITOL.—SEAL.

ED PROPOSAIS will be received by me, at my office, until the 15th of September next, for supplying necessary fuel for the public offices in the Capitel, for the ensuit winter. The wood to be delivered at some point on the Capitol grounds to be designated by me—to be of good oak or hickory, cut into pieces four feet long.

Bidders to specify in their bids how much per cord, or the bid will not be received. Some five or six cords of good kindling wood to be included.

WM. HILL, Secretary of State.

Register copy.

AND FOR SALE .- I OFFER FOR SALE MY AND FOR SALE.—I OFFER FOR SALE MY

Mason Hall plantation in Orange, near the Alamance
line, on the N. C. Rai Iroad, one-and-s-half miles north-east
of Mebane's station. Said plantation is situated in a healthy
neighborhood, is well watered, and has meade as of seperior quality upon it, a good dwelling house and all necessary
outhouses, and a good proportion of timbered land, and
cantains about 400 acres. Terms will be made easy to suit
the purchaser. For further information apply to Giles Mebane, Esq., Mason Hall, Alamance.

MARY F. ROND

MARY F. BOND. February 9, 1857.

PUBLIC SALE.

WING CONCLUDED TO REMOVE SOUTH, I will offer for asle on Wednesday the 9th day of September next, on the plantation which I have recently sold, the following articles of property, to-wit: 17 head of mules and horses, among the horses two pair match, one two-horse and three four-house wagons; some twenty-five single and ten double plows; one four-horse plow; some twenty-tive head of cattle of improved stock, among them one full-blooded Devon Bull; eighty or one hundred head of hogs—among them are fine young brood-sows; a quantity of oats put up in bales; one wheat fan, one corn-sheller; ten wheat cradles, black-amilh tools, and other articles

not necessary to mention.

Also, a Family Carriage, Buggy and Sulky.

Teams: Twelve months credit, bond and app E MALLETT.

Chapel Hill, August 21, 1857. JAS. W. CAPEHART & CO., BOOK-SELLERS & BOOK AGENTS,

Merry Hill, Bertie Co., N. C. OULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to the fact that he will supply the following named books, and any others that are called for, immediately after receiving the 'ew York or Philadelphia prices—sent any where free of postage;

Abednego, the Money-Lender,
The Man of War's Man,
The Roue, by Sir E. L. Bulwer,
The Gold-Seekers—a curious book,
The Pirate's Son—an interesting book,
The Pirate's Son—an interesting book,
The Seven Brothers of Wyoming,
Jack Rann; Or, Sixteen String Jack,
Jack Junk, the Tar for all Weathers,
Galloping Gus; Or, Purse and Pistol,
Latin Language—without a Teacher,
Agnes Grey—an Autobiography,
Monroe Edwards, the Great Forger,
The Bebel Bride and other Tales,
Life of Dick Turpin, the Kobber,
The Fortune-Hunter; Or, New York Society,
Miriam Alroy—the Wondrous Tale of Alroy,
Contarni Fleming, by R. D. D'Israeli,
The Lover of the Harem of Turkey,
Ellen Percy, by G. W. M. Beynolds,
Greatest Plague of Life, only
Also, bound books of every description, which he offers for asle at the same prices as in New York or Philadelphia.
Send in your orders soon and you will have particular attention shown you. Books, you must remember, are sent, by us free of postage to any part of the United States.

JAS. W. CAPEHART, or

August 28, 1857.

Office W. N. C. R. R. Co., STATESVILLE, July 20th, 1867.

A T A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DEADTORS of the W. N. C. R. R. Co., held this day, if was Recolved, That books be opened on the 17th August next, for the Subscription of \$220,000 additional stock to the W. N. C. R. K. Co., at the following places, to-wit:

SALISBURY.—Under the direction of Arch. Henderson, D. A. Davis, W. Murphy, B. F. Fraley, J. W. Ellis, or any three of them.

three of them.

STATESVILLE—By O. Gillespie, A. K Simonton, J. F. Alexander, J. W. Stockton, W. P. Caldwell, or any three of ander, J. W. Stockton, W. P. Caldwell, or any three of them.

Newton—D. B. Gaither, Geo. Setzer, A. N. Powell, M. L. McCorkle, Jonas Bost, or any three of them.

TAYLORSVILLE—A. C. McIntosh, A. Carson, R. Watts, A. M. Bogle, D. Little, or any three of them.

Lenoir.—R. B. Bogle, W. W. Lenoir, S. F. Patterson, John Hayes, Jas. Harper, or any three of them.

Lincol.Ston—H. W. Guion, C. C. Henderson, L. D. Thompson, W. J. Hoke, J. F. Phifer, or any three of them.

Morganyon—E. J. Erwin, T. George Walton, Jacob Seegle, W. F. McKesson, W. C. Erwin, or any three of them.

MARION—C. L. S. Corpening, A. F. Finley, A. M. Erwin, W. M. Murphy, J. C. Whitson, or any three of them.

Asseville—J. W. Patton, N. W. Woodfin, A. S. Merriman, W. W. McDowell, John Bergen, or any three of them.

Atter the books have remained open for airly days, the Commissioners will please report to me, in Statesville.

B. F. SIMONTON,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Secretary and Treasurer.

BOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—ON SATUR-DAY, the 12th day of September next, at the Auction Store of Litchford, Shepard, & Co., the undersigned will sell, on a credit of 9 months, a valuable HOUSE AND LOT, on Morgan Street, being part of Lot No. 165. This property formerly belonged to the Misses Wilhite. Persons desiring to purchase, will please examine the same.

DILWORTH ShEDGE, Adm'r. August 22, 1857.

TOURNAMENT AT SHOCCO SPRINGS.

A TOURNAMENT WILL BE GIVEN AT SHOCCO SPRINGS, Warren County, on the 15th of next month,
September; to be followed by a Ball and Party on the evenings of the 17th and 18th of said month.

S. D. SESSUMR.

August 29, 1807.

WANTED TO HIRE, A WOMAN WHO DINDER-STANDS Washing and Ironing can make light bread, and is competent to do recern housework. One without children preferred. Apply to Mrs. G. F. Hansen corner Baptist Grove, Raleigh, N. C. August 28, 1857.

Valuable Town Lot for Bale. HE SUBCCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE HIS
House and Lot, situated on Hillshore' street in the
City of Raleigh. The lot contains about one zers of ground.
On it is a good dwelling house, with air large and convenient rooms,—also all necessary outhouses and a good gar-

Persons wishing to purchase our apply to me or to Dan'l G. Fowle, Esq. August 25, 1809. WM. HOGAN JONES.

ther particulars apply to CORNELIA C. DAVIS.